

Government of Western Australia Department of Local Government Office of Multicultural Interests

Western Australian Community Profiles 2006 Census

Greece-born

Population

The community of Greece-born Western Australians arrived mainly during the 1950s and 1960s. The population of Greece-born people is decreasing in size. In 2006, there were 3034 Greece-born people in Western Australia, 12% less than in 1996. In 2006, Greece-born people represented approximately 0.15% of the total WA population.*

Greece-born Western Australians were older compared with the total WA population. Nearly half (48%) of Greece-born people were aged 65 years and over, and more than one-third (36%) were aged 45–64, compared with 12% and 25.2%, respectively, for the total WA population. The cohorts of Greece-born people aged below 15 years (1.2%), 15–24 (2.3%) and 25–44 (12.1%) were small, and much smaller compared with the total WA population (20%, 14.2% and 28.5%, respectively).

These statistics reflect the ageing of Greece-born Western Australians with a decrease in the cohort aged 45–64 (from 42.7% to 36.2%) and an increase in the cohort aged 65 or older (from 42.1% to 48.1%) between 2001 and 2006.

Women outnumbered men in all but the 0–14 and 44–64 cohorts. The sex ratio (number of males per 100 females) for the Greece-born community was estimated at 98, lower than in 2001 (103.6) but comparable to the total WA population (99.5).

Family pattern

In 2006, more than one third (38.6%) of Greece-born Western Australians lived in couple families without children, a similar percentage to 2001 (35.6%), and almost double that of the total WA population (19.4%). The percentage of Greece-born people living in couple families with children was 14.9%, less than half compared with 2001 (36.3%), and for the total WA population (38.5%) in 2006. The proportion of oneparent families was slightly less (7.2%) than for the total WA population (10%). Women (10.6%) were three times more likely than men (3.7%) to fall into this category.

Geographic distribution

Settlement patterns for Greece-born Western Australians remained consistent between 2001 and 2006. The majority (93%) of Greece-born people lived in the Perth Statistical Division (SD). Local Government Areas (LGAs) with significant or relatively higher concentrations of Greece-born people were Stirling (36.2%), Vincent (9.7%) and Bayswater (7.9%). The largest Greece-born community outside of Perth was in the South West SD (3.6%).

Religious affiliation

Greece-born Western Australians were more likely to identify with a religion compared with the total WA population. More than 90% of Greece-born people identified Christianity as their religion, while only 3% identified 'no religion', compared with 59% and 22.6%, respectively, for the total WA population. The proportion of Greece-born people who identified with Islam increased between 2001 and 2006 (from 0.4% to 1.1%) which is comparable to the total WA population (1.2%).

Languages

The majority (81%) of Greece-born Western Australians spoke a language other than English at home. Of these, most (61%) reported speaking English well or very well, with a smaller proportion (18.6%) reporting they spoke English not well or not at all. Greek and Macedonian were most common languages other than English spoken at home. Greece-born women were twice more likely than Greece-born men (25.4% compared with 11.7%) to report speaking English not well or not at all. The proportion of Greece-born Western Australians speaking only English at home increased between 2001 and 2006 (from 14.1% to 19%).

Education

The most common gualification held by Greeceborn Western Australians was an advanced diploma. diploma or certificate (16.5%), less than for the total WA population (24.7%). A small proportion of Greece-born adults had obtained a bachelor or higher degree and higher qualification (6.6%), less than half that of the total WA population (14.3%). Greece-born men were more likely than Greece-born women to have advanced diploma, diploma or certificate level qualifications (24.7% compared with 8.5%). This gender difference was higher than for the total WA population (30.3% and 19.2%, respectively). The proportion of Greece-born Western Australians who did not attend school was significantly higher (9.5%) than the total WA population (0.6%), with Greece-born women more likely than Greece-born men to have not attended school (11.8% compared with 7.2%).

Employment

A majority (61%) of Greece-born Western Australians was not in the labour force and one-third (33.7%) were employed, compared with 30.3% and 59.1%, respectively, for the total WA population. This difference is most likely to be a result of the older age structure of the Greece-born community. Unemployment was lower (1.4%) compared with the total WA population (2.3%). Greece-born women were more likely than Greece-born men (70.6% compared with 51.3%) not to be in the labour force. These figures are high compared with the total WA population (37.4% compared with 23.2%), but reflect a similar trend of gender difference. Similarly, almost twice as many Greece-born men were employed than women (42.9% compared with 24.6%).

Greece-born men were mainly employed as professionals and managers (34%) and technicians and trade Workers (23.7%). Women were mainly employed as professionals and managers (29.4%), administrative and clerical workers (21.8%) and labourers (14%).

Income

Between 2001 and 2006, the proportion of Greece-born Western Australians earning between \$250 and \$999 per week increased (from 29.8% to 41.5%), comparable to the total WA population (43.2 %). The percentage of Greece-born people earning more than \$1000 also increased (from 6.4% to 12.4%), but this was lower than for the total WA population (20%). Greece-born men were more likely to earn more than \$1000 per week than Greece-born women (19.9% compared with 6%). The proportion of Greece-born Western Australians earning less than \$250 a week decreased between 2001 and 2006 (from 53.9% to 35.6%), but remained higher than the rate for the total WA population (19.2%). The proportion earning no weekly income (4.9%) was similar to the total WA population (6.4%) with women (7.4%) more likely than men (2.5%) to be in this category.

Summary table

Variables	Greece-born 2006			Greece-born 2001	Total Western Australian population 2006		
	Male %	Female %	Total %	Total %	Male %	Female %	Total %
AGE GROUP / GENDER							
0–14	1.4	1.0	1.2	0.9	20.6	19.5	20.0
15–24	2.1	2.6	2.3	1.4	14.6	13.8	14.2
25–44	11.3	12.9	12.1	12.8	28.4	28.5	28.5
45–64	39.3	33.2	36.2	42.7	25.4	25.1	25.2
65+	46.0	50.2	48.1	42.1	11.0	13.1	12.0
All (Number)	1508	1526	3034		990,642	995,607	1,986,249
Sex-ratio			98	103.6			99.5
FAMILY TYPE							
Couple family without children	41.9	34.9	38.4	35.6	19.2	19.6	19.4
Couple family with children	16.6	13.1	14.9	36.3	38.7	38.3	38.5
One-parent family	3.7	10.6	7.2	7.1	7.9	12.1	10.0
LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY							
Speaks English only	22.3	15.8	19.0	14.1	80.6	81.3	80.9
Speaks other language and English; very well or well	64.5	57.6	61.0	63.1	9.6	9.9	9.8
Speaks other language and English; not well or not at all	11.7	25.4	18.6	20.9	1.5	2.0	1.7
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT (15 YEARS AND OVER)							
Degree level	7.3	5.9	6.6	4.7	13.4	15.1	14.3
Advanced diploma/diploma/ certificate	24.7	8.5	16.5	14.9	30.3	19.2	24.7
Completed Year 12 schooling	28.3	20.3	24.2	18.9	40.8	42.9	41.8
Did not attend school	7.2	11.8	9.5	9.8	0.5	0.7	0.6
LABOUR FORCE (15 YEARS AND OVER)							
Employed	42.9	24.6	33.7	32.8	65.5	52.7	59.1
Unemployed	1.7	1.1	1.4	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.3
Not in LF	51.3	70.6	61.0	61.7	23.2	37.4	30.3
WEEKLY INCOME (15 YEARS AND OVER)							
None	2.5	7.4	4.9	4.3	4.6	8.1	6.4
<\$250	31.6	39.5	35.6	53.9	13.8	24.4	19.2
<\$1000	42.2	40.9	41.5	29.8	39.7	46.7	43.2
\$1000 and more	18.9	6.0	12.4	6.4	29.9	10.4	20.0

Note: Totals do not always add up to 100% because of the use of selected indicators.

* The 2006 Census recorded a total WA population of 1,959,095 people.

** For 2001, the cut-off point was \$299.

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001 and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

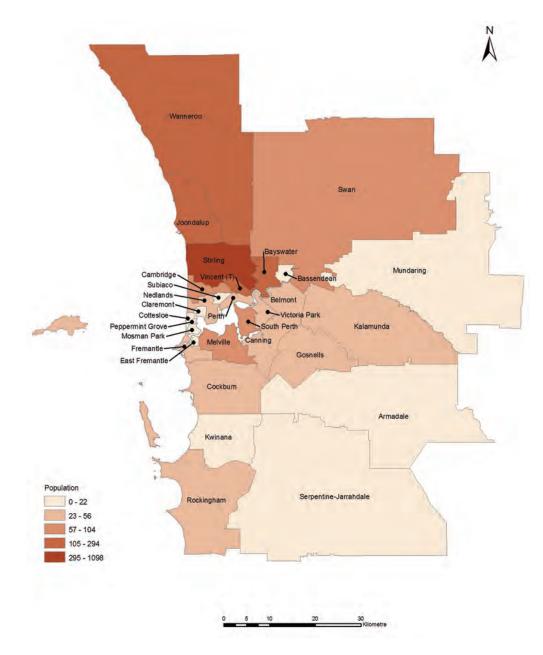


Figure 1: Distribution of Greece-born people by settlement pattern in the LGAs of the Perth Metropolitan Area (Data source: ABS 2006 Census of Population and Housing).